

Smart Grid Standards Information

Version 1.7 Tuesday, August 17, 2010

	Section I: Use and Application of the Standard		
Ide	ntification and Affiliation	n	
	Number of the standard	C62.11	
	Title of the standard	Metal-Oxide Surge Arresters for AC Power Circuits (>1 kV)	
	Name of owner organization	Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers (IEEE)	
	Latest versions, stages, dates	Approved 29 December 2005	
	URL(s) for the standard	http://standards.ieee.org	
	Working group / committee	Surge Protective Devices Committee	
	Original source of the content (if applicable)	IEEE	
Lav	Brief description of scope vel of Standardization	This standard applies to metal-oxide surge arresters (MOSAs) designed to repeatedly limit the voltage surges on 48 Hz to 62 Hz power circuits (>1000 V) by passing surge discharge current and automatically limiting the flow of system power current. This standard applies to devices for separate mounting and to devices supplied integrally with other equipment. NOTE—These tests demonstrate that an arrester can survive the rigors of reasonable environmental conditions and system phenomena while protecting equipment and/or the system from damaging overvoltages caused by lightning, switching, and other undesirable surges.	
1.	Names of standards development organizations that recognize this standard and/or accredit the owner organization	ANSI, IEC	
	Has this standard been adopted in regulation or legislation, or is it under consideration for adoption?	☐ Yes ⊠ No	
	Has it been endorsed or recommended by any level of government? If "Yes", please describe	☐ Yes ⊠ No	
	Level of Standard (check all that apply)	☐ International ☐ National ☐ Industry ☐ de Facto ☐ Single Company	
1	Type of document	Standard Report Cuide Technical Specification	

	Section I: Use and Application of the Standard		
	Level of Release	Released In Development Proposed	
Are	eas of Use		
1.	Currently used in which domains? (check all that apply)	☐ Markets ☐ Operations ☐ Service Providers ☐ Generation ☒ Transmission ☒ Distribution ☒ Customer	
	Planned for use in which domains? (check all that apply)	☐ Markets ☐ Operations ☐ Service Providers ☐ Generation ☐ Transmission ☐ Distribution ☐ Customer	
	Please describe the Smart Grid systems and equipment to which this standard is applied		

Section I: Use and Application of the Standard

Relationship to Other Standards or Specifications

Section I: Use and Application of the Standard

1. Which standards or specifications are referenced by this standard?

ANSI Std C37.42-1996, American National Standard for Switchgear-Distribution Cutouts and Fuse Links-

Specifications.

ANSI Std C62.2-1987, Guide for the Application of Gapped Silicon-Carbide Surge Arresters for

Alternating Current Systems.

ANSI Std C84.1-1995 (Reaff 2001), American National Standard Voltage Ratings for Electric Power

Systems and Equipment (60 Hz).

ASTM A153/153M-04, Specification for Zinc Coating (Hot-Dip) on Iron and Steel Hardware.

ASTM D750-00, Standard test method for rubber deterioration in carbon-arc weathering apparatus.

ASTM D1499-99, Standard practice for operating light and water exposure apparatus (carbon-arc type) for exposure of plastics.

ASTM D2565-99, Standard practice for xenon arc exposure of plastics intended for outdoor applications.

ASTM D3487-00, Specification for Mineral Insulating Oil Used in Electrical Apparatus. ASTM G23-96, Standard practice for operating light and water exposure apparatus (carbon-arc type) with

and without water for exposure of nonmetallic materials.

ASTM G26-96, Standard practice for operating light and water exposure apparatus (Xenon-arc type) with

and without water for exposure of nonmetallic materials.

ASTM G53-96, Standard practice for operating light and water exposure apparatus (fluorescent UVcondensation

type) for exposure of nonmetallic materials. IEC 60815 (1986), Guide for the selection of insulators in respect to polluted conditions. IEEE Std C37.09TM-1999, IEEE Standard Test Procedure for Alternating Current High-Voltage Circuit

Breakers Rated on a Symmetrical Current Basis.

IEEE Std C62.22TM-1997, IEEE Guide for the Application of Metal Oxide Surge Arresters for Alternating

Current Systems.

IEEE Std 4TM-1995 (Amended 2001), IEEE Standard Techniques for High-Voltage Testing. IEEE Std 386TM-1995, IEEE Standard for

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	Which standards or specifications are related to this standard?	62.11a-2008	
	Which standards or specifications cover similar areas (may overlap)?		
	What activities are building on this work?		
	ot of Energy Smart Grid Characteristics se describe how this standard may encourage each of the follow	ing:	
1.	Enables informed participation by customers	☐ Yes ⊠ No	
2.	Accommodates all generation and storage options	☐ Yes ⊠ No	
3.	Enables new products, services and markets	☐ Yes ⊠ No	
4.	Provides the power quality for a range of needs	☐ Yes ⊠ No	
5.	Optimizes asset utilization and operating efficiency	☐ Yes ⊠ No	
6.	Operates resiliently to disturbances, attacks, and natural disasters	Yes No	

Pleas	prity Areas Previously Mentioned by FERC se describe if and how this standard may be applied in each of the ction Error: Reference source not found to discuss any other signed.	ne following areas. Note that there is space
1.	Cybersecurity and physical security	☐ Yes ⊠ No
2.	Communicating and coordinating across inter-system interfaces	☐ Yes ⊠ No
3.	Wide area situational awareness	☐ Yes ⊠ No
4.	Smart grid-enabled response for energy demand	☐ Yes ⊠ No
5.	Electric storage	☐ Yes ⊠ No
6.	Electric vehicle transportation	☐ Yes ⊠ No
7.	Advanced metering infrastructure	☐ Yes ⊠ No
8.	Distribution grid management	☐ Yes ⊠ No
Оре	enness	
1.	Amount of fee (if any) for the documentation	\$89
2.	Amount of fee (if any) for implementing the standard	None
3.	Amount of fee (if any) to participate in updating the standard	None
4.	Is the standard documentation available online?	
5.	Are there open-source or reference implementations?	☐ Yes ⊠ No
6.	Are there open-source test tools?	☐ Yes ⊠ No
7.	Would open-source implementations be permitted?	☐ Yes ⊠ No
8.	Approximately how many implementers are there?	
9.	Approximately how many users are there?	
10.	Where is the standard used outside of the USA?	
11.	Is the standard free of references to patented technology?	⊠ Yes □ No
12.	If patented technology is used, does the holder provide a royalty-free license to users of the standard?	Yes No Not Patented
13.	Can an implementer use the standard without signing a license agreement?	⊠ Yes □ No
14.	Are draft documents available to the public at no cost?	☐ Yes ⊠ No
15.	How does one join the working group or committee that controls the standard?	
16.	Is voting used to decide whether to modify the standard? If Yes, explain who is permitted to vote.	⊠ Yes □ No
17.	Is an ANSI-accredited process used to develop the standard?	⊠ Yes □ No
18.	What countries are represented in the working group or committee that controls the standard?	
Sur	pport, Conformance, Certification and Testi	ina

1.	Is there a users group or manufacturers group to support this standard?	Yes No
2.	What is the name of the users group or manufacturers group (if any)?	
3.	What type of test procedures are used to test this standard? (please check all that apply)	☐ Internal to the lab ☐ Published by standards organization ☐ Published by users group ☐ No procedures, informal testing
4.	Are there test vectors (pre-prepared data) used in testing? (please check all that apply)	☐ Internal to the lab ☐ Published by standards organization ☐ Published by users group ☐ No procedures, informal testing
5.	What types of testing programs exist? (check all that apply)	☐ Interoperability Testing☐ Conformance Testing☐ Security Testing☒ No Testing
6.	What types of certificates are issued? (check all that apply)	 ☐ Interoperability Certificate ☐ Conformance Certificate ☐ Security Certificate (text document) ☐ No Certificates
7.	Are there rules controlling how and when to use the logo?	☐ Yes ☐ No ☒ Standard has no logo
8.	Is there a program to approve test labs?	☐ Yes ⊠ No
9.	Approximately how many test labs are approved (if any)?	
10.	Is there a defined process for users to make technical comments on the standard or propose changes to the standard and have these issues resolved?	⊠ Yes □ No
11.	Is there a published conformance checklist or table?	☐ Yes ⊠ No
12.	Are there defined conformance blocks or subsets?	☐ Yes ⊠ No
13.	Approximately how many vendors provide test tools?	
14.	Are there tools for pre-certification prior to testing?	☐ Yes ⊠ No
15.	Can vendors self-certify their implementations?	⊠ Yes □ No
16.	Is there application testing for specific uses?	
17.	Is there a "golden" or "reference" implementation to test against?	☐ Yes ⊠ No
18.	Who typically funds the testing? (check all that apply)	□ User □ Users Group □ Vendor □ Confidential
19.	Is there a method for users and implementers to ask questions about the standard and have them answered? (check all that apply)	
20.	Does the users' group (or some other group) fund specific tasks in the evolution of the standard?	☐ Yes ⊠ No
21.	table in the orelation of the standard.	

22.	What other standards is this standard being integrated, harmonized, or unified with (if any)?	
23.	Are there application notes, implementation agreements, or guidelines available describing specific uses of the standard?	⊠ Yes ☐ No ☐ Not applicable
_	Notes se present here any additional information about the standard tha	at might be useful:
1.		

	Section II: Functional Descripti	on of the Standard
Pleas	dWise Architecture: Layers se identify which layers this standard specifies, as described in //www.gridwiseac.org/pdfs/interopframework_v1_1.pdf, and the	applicable section of the standard. Note the
	oing to the Open Systems Interconnect (OSI) model is approxin	
1.	Layer 8: Policy	☐ Yes ⊠ No
2.	Layer 7: Business Objectives	☐ Yes ⊠ No
3.	Layer 6: Business Procedures	☐ Yes ⊠ No
4.	Layer 5: Business Context	☐ Yes ⊠ No
5.	Layer 4: Semantic Understanding (object model)	☐ Yes ⊠ No
6.	Layer 3: Syntactic Interoperability (OSI layers 5-7)	☐ Yes ⊠ No
7.	Layer 2: Network Interoperability (OSI layers 3-4)	☐ Yes ⊠ No
8.	Layer 1: Basic Connectivity (OSI layers 1-2)	∑ Yes ☐ No
Pleas ques cand	dWise Architecture: Cross-Cutting Issues see provide an explanation in the box beside the heading for any tion is not applicable because the function is provided in another idates. Note that "the standard" refers to the technology specific selves.	er layer or standard, please suggest any likely
	Shared Meaning of Content	
1.	Do all implementations share a common information model?	Yes No Not applicable
2.	Can data be arranged and accessed in groups or structures?	Yes No Not applicable
3.	Can implementers extend the information model?	☐ Yes ☐ No ⊠ Not applicable
4.	Can implementers use a subset of the information model?	Yes No Not applicable
	Resource Identification	
5.	Can data be located using human-readable names?	☐ Yes ☐ No ⊠ Not applicable
6.	Can names and addresses be centrally managed without human intervention?	☐ Yes ☐ No ☒ Not applicable
	Time Synchronization and Sequencing	
7.	Can the standard remotely synchronize time?	☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Provided in another layer
8.	Can the standard indicate the quality of timestamps?	☐ Yes ☒ No ☐ Provided in another layer
	Security and Privacy	
9.	Where is security provided for this standard?	☐ Within this standard☒ By other standards
10.	Does the standard provide authentication?	☐ Yes ⊠ No
11	Does the standard permit role-based access control?	☐ Yes ⊠ No

	Section II: Functional Descripti	on of the Standard
12.	Does the standard provide encryption?	☐ Yes ⊠ No
13.	Does the standard detect intrusions or attacks?	☐ Yes ⊠ No
14.	Does the standard facilitate logging and auditing of security events?	☐ Yes ⊠ No
15.	Can the security credentials be upgraded remotely?	Yes No No Credentials
16.	Can the security credentials be managed centrally?	Yes No No Credentials
17.	Please list any security algorithms and standards used	
18.	Please provide additional information on how the standard addresses any "Yes" answers above	
19.	Please provide additional information about why any of the questions listed above do not apply to this standard	
	Logging and Auditing	
20.	Does the standard facilitate logging and auditing of critical operations and events?	☐ Yes ☒ No
21.	Can the standard gather statistics on its operation?	☐ Yes ☑ No ☐ Not applicable
22.	Can the standard report alerts and warnings?	☐ Yes ☐ Not applicable
	Transaction State Management	
23.	Can the standard remotely enable or disable devices or functions?	☐ Yes ☒ No ☐ Not applicable
	System Preservation	
24.	Can the standard automatically recover from failed devices or links?	☐ Yes ☒ No ☐ Not applicable☐ Provided in another layer
25.	Can the standard automatically re-route messages?	Yes No Not applicable Provided in another layer
26.	Can the standard remotely determine the health (as opposed to just connectivity) of devices or software?	☐ Yes ☑ No ☐ Not applicable
	Other Management Capabilities	
	Please describe any other system or network management capabilities the standard provides.	
	Quality of Service	
27.	Is data transfer bi-directional?	☐ Yes ⊠ No
28.	Can data be prioritized?	☐ Yes ☐ No ⊠ Not applicable
29.	What types of reliability are provided?	Reliable Non-guaranteed Both Either Provided in another layer
30.	Can information be broadcast to many locations with a single transmission?	☐ Yes ☐ No ☒ Not applicable
	Please describe any other methods the standard uses to manage quality of service.	
	Discovery and Configuration	
31.	Can the software or firmware be upgraded remotely?	Yes No Not applicable

	Section II: Functional Descripti	on of the Standard
32.	Can configuration or settings be upgraded remotely?	☐ Yes ☐ No ☒ Not applicable
33.	Can implementations announce when they have joined the system?	☐ Yes ☐ No ☑ Not applicable
34.	Can implementations electronically describe the data they provide?	☐ Yes ☐ No ☒ Not applicable
	System Evolution and Scalability	
35.	What factors could limit the number of places the standard could be applied?	
36.	What steps are required to increase the size of a system deploying this standard?	
37.	Is the information model separate from the transport method?	☐ Yes ⊠ No
38.	Does the standard support alternate choices in the layers(s) below it?	Yes No No layers below
39.	List the most common technology choices for layers implemented below this standard	
40.	Does the standard support multiple technology choices in the layers above it?	⊠ Yes ☐ No ☐ No layers above
41.	List the technologies or entities that would most commonly use this standard in the layer above	
42.	Please describe any mechanism or plan to ensure the standard is as backward-compatible as possible with previous versions	
43.	Please describe how the design of this standard permits it to be used together with older or legacy technologies	
44.	Please describe how the design of this standard permits it to co-exist on the same network or in the same geographic area with similar technologies, and give examples	
45.	Electromechanical	
	hitectural Principles	
	se describe how this standard may apply any of these principle:	S: T
1.	Symmetry – facilitates bi-directional flow of energy and information	
2.	Transparency – supports a transparent and auditable chain of transactions	
3.	Composition – facilitates the building of complex interfaces from simpler ones	
4.	Loose coupling – can support bilateral and multilateral transactions without elaborate pre-arrangement	
5.	Shallow integration – does not require detailed mutual information to interact with other components	

	Section II: Functional Description of the Standard	
6.	Please list any other architectural models, reference architectures or frameworks this standard was designed to be compliant with, e.g. W3C, IEC TC57, OSI and how it fits those models	