

Smart Grid Standards Information

Version 1.7 Monday, September 13, 2010

Section I: Use and Application of the Standard

Identification and Affiliation

Number of the standard	d IEEE Std C37.2™-2008
Title of the standard	IEEE Standard for Electrical Power System Device Function Numbers Acronyms, and Contact Designations
Name of owner organiz	ration IEEE
Latest versions, stages	, dates This standard is a revision of IEEE Std C37.2-1996. A definition for the previously unused Device Number 16 has been added, as well as acronyms for 17 new devices / functions. Acronyms were added for these functions, rather than utilizing numbers above 99, as those numbers are already in use in some installations.
	Definitions of some device functions have been improved for present applications, and additional suggested suffix letters / definitions have been added.
	An annex, cross-referencing IEEE Std C37.2 device function numbers to IEC 61850 logical nodes, has been added.
URL(s) for the standard	
Working group / comm	ittee Joint Working Group C5
Original source of the c (if applicable)	content
Brief description of sco	numbers and acronyms for devices and functions used in electrical substations and generating plants and in installations of power utilization and conversion apparatus.
	Historically, device function numbers have typically represented individual or component devices. These numbers and acronyms may also be used to represent individual functions within multi-function
evel of Standardiz	ation
. Names of standards development organizat recognize this standard accredit the owner organization	l and/or

development organizations that recognize this standard and/or accredit the owner organization	
Has this standard been adopted in regulation or legislation, or is it under consideration for adoption?	☐ Yes ⊠ No

	Section I: Use	and Application	of the Standard
	Has it been endorsed or recommended by any level of government? If "Yes", please describe	Yes No	
	Level of Standard (check all that apply)	International National	Industry de Facto Single Company
	Type of document	Standard Report 0	Guide 🗌 Technical Specification
	Level of Release	Released 🗌 In Develop	oment 🗌 Proposed
Are	eas of Use		
1.	Currently used in which domains? (check all that apply)	Markets Operations	
	Planned for use in which domains? (check all that apply)	Markets Operations	Service Providers ssion Distribution Customer
	Please describe the Smart Grid systems and equipment to which this standard is applied	Substation automation	
Rel	ationship to Other Stan	dards or Specificat	ions
1.	Which standards or specifications standard?	are referenced by this	None
	Which standards or specifications standard?	are related to this	IEC 61850
	Which standards or specifications overlap)?	cover similar areas (may	
	What activities are building on this	work?	Design and specification of electrical substations, generating plants installations of power utilization and conversion apparatus
-	ot of Energy Smart Grid se describe how this standard may		ving:
1.	Enables informed participation by	customers	🗌 Yes 🖂 No
2.	Accommodates all generation and	storage options	🗌 Yes 🖂 No
3.	Enables new products, services a	nd markets	🖂 Yes 🗌 No
4.	Provides the power quality for a ra	inge of needs	🗌 Yes 🖂 No
5.	Optimizes asset utilization and ope	erating efficiency	🖂 Yes 🖂 No
6.	Operates resiliently to disturbance disasters	s, attacks, and natural	🗌 Yes 🔀 No

Priority Areas Previously Mentioned by FERC and NIST

Please describe if and how this standard may be applied in each of the following areas. Note that there is space in section Error: Reference source not found to discuss any other significant areas where the standard may be applied.

1.	Cybersecurity and physical security	🗌 Yes 🔀 No
2.	Communicating and coordinating across inter-system interfaces	🖂 Yes 🗌 No
3.	Wide area situational awareness	🖂 Yes 🗌 No
4.	Smart grid-enabled response for energy demand	🗌 Yes 🖾 No
5.	Electric storage	🗌 Yes 🖂 No
6.	Electric vehicle transportation	🗌 Yes 🖂 No
7.	Advanced metering infrastructure	🗌 Yes 🖾 No
8.	Distribution grid management	🖂 Yes 🗌 No
Ор	enness	
1.	Amount of fee (if any) for the documentation	\$102
2.	Amount of fee (if any) for implementing the standard	None
3.	Amount of fee (if any) to participate in updating the standard	None
4.	Is the standard documentation available online?	Yes No URL: <u>http://standards.ieee.org/index.html</u>
5.	Are there open-source or reference implementations?	Yes No
6.	Are there open-source test tools?	
7.	Would open-source implementations be permitted?	🖂 Yes 🗌 No
8.	Approximately how many implementers are there?	
9.	Approximately how many users are there?	
10.	Where is the standard used outside of the USA?	
11.	Is the standard free of references to patented technology?	🖂 Yes 🗌 No
12.	If patented technology is used, does the holder provide a royalty-free license to users of the standard?	Yes No Not Patented
13.	Can an implementer use the standard without signing a license agreement?	🖂 Yes 🗌 No
14.	Are draft documents available to the public at no cost?	🗌 Yes 🖾 No
15.	How does one join the working group or committee that controls the standard?	
16.	Is voting used to decide whether to modify the standard? If Yes, explain who is permitted to vote.	Yes No Members of the balloting committee
17.	Is an ANSI-accredited process used to develop the standard?	🖂 Yes 🗌 No
18.	What countries are represented in the working group or committee that controls the standard?	

1.	Is there a users group or manufacturers group to support this	
	standard?	
2.	What is the name of the users group or manufacturers group (if any)?	
3.	What type of test procedures are used to test this standard? (please check all that apply)	 Internal to the lab Published by standards organization Published by users group No procedures, informal testing
4.	Are there test vectors (pre-prepared data) used in testing? (please check all that apply)	 Internal to the lab Published by standards organization Published by users group No procedures, informal testing
5.	What types of testing programs exist? (check all that apply)	 Interoperability Testing Conformance Testing Security Testing No Testing
6.	What types of certificates are issued? (check all that apply)	 Interoperability Certificate Conformance Certificate Security Certificate (text document) No Certificates
7.	Are there rules controlling how and when to use the logo?	🗌 Yes 🗌 No 🖂 Standard has no logo
8.	Is there a program to approve test labs?	
9.	Approximately how many test labs are approved (if any)?	
10.	Is there a defined process for users to make technical comments on the standard or propose changes to the standard and have these issues resolved?	Yes 🗌 No
11.	Is there a published conformance checklist or table?	
12.	Are there defined conformance blocks or subsets?	Yes No
13.	Approximately how many vendors provide test tools?	
14.	Are there tools for pre-certification prior to testing?	
15.	Can vendors self-certify their implementations?	
16.	Is there application testing for specific uses?	Yes No Not applicable
17.	Is there a "golden" or "reference" implementation to test against?	Yes No
18.	Who typically funds the testing? (check all that apply)	User Users Group Vendor
19.	Is there a method for users and implementers to ask questions about the standard and have them answered?	Yes, official interpretations
	(check all that apply)	

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21.	Is the users' group working on integration, harmonization or unification with other similar standards?	Yes No
22.	What other standards is this standard being integrated, harmonized, or unified with (if any)?	
23.	Are there application notes, implementation agreements, or guidelines available describing specific uses of the standard?	Yes No Not applicable
-	Notes se present here any additional information about the standard that	at might be useful:
1.		

Section II: Functional Description of the Standard

GridWise Architecture: Layers

Please identify which layers this standard specifies, as described in

<u>http://www.gridwiseac.org/pdfs/interopframework_v1_1.pdf</u>, and the applicable section of the standard. Note the mapping to the Open Systems Interconnect (OSI) model is approximate.

1.	Layer 8: Policy	🗌 Yes 🖂 No
2.	Layer 7: Business Objectives	🗌 Yes 🖂 No
3.	Layer 6: Business Procedures	🗌 Yes 🖂 No
4.	Layer 5: Business Context	🗌 Yes 🖂 No
5.	Layer 4: Semantic Understanding (object model)	🖂 Yes 🗌 No
6.	Layer 3: Syntactic Interoperability (OSI layers 5-7)	🗌 Yes 🖂 No
7.	Layer 2: Network Interoperability (OSI layers 3-4)	🗌 Yes 🖂 No
8.	Layer 1: Basic Connectivity (OSI layers 1-2)	🗌 Yes 🖂 No

GridWise Architecture: Cross-Cutting Issues

Please provide an explanation in the box beside the heading for any questions answered "Not applicable". If the question is not applicable because the function is provided in another layer or standard, please suggest any likely candidates. Note that "the standard" refers to the technology specified by the standard, not the documents themselves.

	Shared Meaning of Content	
1.	Do all implementations share a common information model?	Yes 🛛 No 🗌 Not applicable
2.	Can data be arranged and accessed in groups or structures?	Yes 🛛 No 🗌 Not applicable
3.	Can implementers extend the information model?	🗌 Yes 🗌 No 🔀 Not applicable
4.	Can implementers use a subset of the information model?	Yes No Not applicable
	Resource Identification	
5.	Can data be located using human-readable names?	Yes No 🛛 Not applicable
6.	Can names and addresses be centrally managed without human intervention?	Yes No Not applicable
	Time Synchronization and Sequencing	
7.	Can the standard remotely synchronize time?	☐ Yes ⊠ No ☐ Provided in another layer
8.	Can the standard indicate the quality of timestamps?	☐ Yes ⊠ No ☐ Provided in another layer
	Security and Privacy	
9.	Where is security provided for this standard?	 Within this standard By other standards
10.	Does the standard provide authentication?	🗌 Yes 🖂 No
11.	Does the standard permit role-based access control?	🗌 Yes 🖾 No

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12.	Does the standard provide encryption?	Yes No
13.	Does the standard detect intrusions or attacks?	🗌 Yes 🖂 No
14.	Does the standard facilitate logging and auditing of security events?	🗌 Yes 🖂 No
15.	Can the security credentials be upgraded remotely?	🗌 Yes 🗌 No 🔀 No Credentials
16.	Can the security credentials be managed centrally?	🗌 Yes 🗌 No 🔀 No Credentials
17.	Please list any security algorithms and standards used	
18.	Please provide additional information on how the standard addresses any "Yes" answers above	Specifies device number 16 subtypes for encryption devices
19.	Please provide additional information about why any of the questions listed above do not apply to this standard	Security is not applicable to the standardization of device function numbers and acronyms for devices.
	Logging and Auditing	
20.	Does the standard facilitate logging and auditing of critical operations and events?	🗌 Yes 🖾 No
21.	Can the standard gather statistics on its operation?	🗌 Yes 🗌 No 🔀 Not applicable
22.	Can the standard report alerts and warnings?	🗌 Yes 🗌 No 🔀 Not applicable
	Transaction State Management	
23.	Can the standard remotely enable or disable devices or functions?	Yes 🗌 No 🔀 Not applicable
	System Preservation	
24.	Can the standard automatically recover from failed devices or links?	Yes No Not applicable Provided in another layer
25.	Can the standard automatically re-route messages?	Yes No Not applicable Provided in another layer
26.	Can the standard remotely determine the health (as opposed to just connectivity) of devices or software?	Yes 🗌 No 🔀 Not applicable
	Other Management Capabilities	
	Please describe any other system or network management capabilities the standard provides.	
	Quality of Service	
27.	Is data transfer bi-directional?	
28.	Can data be prioritized?	🗌 Yes 🗌 No 🔀 Not applicable
29.	What types of reliability are provided?	Reliable Non-guaranteed Both Either Provided in another layer
30.	Can information be broadcast to many locations with a single transmission?	Yes No X Not applicable
	Please describe any other methods the standard uses to manage quality of service.	
	Discovery and Configuration	
	Discovery and configuration	

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32.	Can configuration or settings be upgraded remotely?	Yes No 🛛 Not applicable
33.	Can implementations announce when they have joined the system?	Yes No Not applicable
34.	Can implementations electronically describe the data they provide?	Yes 🗌 No 🖂 Not applicable
	System Evolution and Scalability	
35.	What factors could limit the number of places the standard could be applied?	
36.	What steps are required to increase the size of a system deploying this standard?	
37.	Is the information model separate from the transport method?	Yes No
38.	Does the standard support alternate choices in the layers(s) below it?	☐ Yes ☐ No ⊠ No layers below
39.	List the most common technology choices for layers implemented below this standard	
40.	Does the standard support multiple technology choices in the layers above it?	Yes 🗌 No 🗌 No layers above
41.	List the technologies or entities that would most commonly use this standard in the layer above	OSI Application layer
42.	Please describe any mechanism or plan to ensure the standard is as backward-compatible as possible with previous versions	Device numbers are backwardly compatible.
43.	Please describe how the design of this standard permits it to be used together with older or legacy technologies	Standardization of device numbers and functions helps ensure compatibility to legacy systems.
44.	Please describe how the design of this standard permits it to co-exist on the same network or in the same geographic area with similar technologies, and give examples	Standardization of device numbers and functions helps ensure compatibility to other technologies.
45.	Electromechanical	
	chitectural Principles se describe how this standard may apply any of these principles	s:
1.	Symmetry – facilitates bi-directional flow of energy and information	Not applicable.
2.	Transparency – supports a transparent and auditable chain of transactions	Standardization of device numbers and functions helps support transparent and auditable chains of transactions
3.	Composition – facilitates the building of complex interfaces from simpler ones	Standardization of device numbers and functions helps ensure compatibility of complex interfaces.
4.	Loose coupling – can support bilateral and multilateral transactions without elaborate pre-arrangement	Standardization of device numbers and functions helps ensure compatible transactions.

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5.	Shallow integration – does not require detailed mutual information to interact with other components	Standardization of device numbers and functions helps ensure integration with other components.
6.	Please list any other architectural models, reference architectures or frameworks this standard was designed to be compliant with, e.g. W3C, IEC TC57, OSI and how it fits those models	