

Smart Grid Standards Information

Version 1.7 Friday, August 20, 2010

	Section I: Use and Application of the Standard		
lde	Identification and Affiliation		
	Number of the standard	IEEE Std 1615™-2007	
	Title of the standard	IEEE Recommended Practice for Network Communication in Electric Power Substations	
	Name of owner organization	IEEE	
	Latest versions, stages, dates	Approved 8 March 2007	
	URL(s) for the standard	http://ieeexplore.ieee.org/servlet/opac?punumber=4288667	
	Working group / committee	C3TF1 Working Group	
	Original source of the content (if applicable)		
	Brief description of scope	Recommended practices for communication and interoperation of devices connected on an electric power substation Internet protocol (IP) network are provided. For the power engineer new to IP networking, this document provides an introduction to the concepts that need to be mastered as well as specific recommendations to follow when deploying the technologies. For equipment manufacturers and system integrators, it provides direction and requirements to facilitate interoperable electric utility information networks.	
Lev	el of Standardization		
1.	Names of standards development organizations that recognize this standard and/or accredit the owner organization		
	Has this standard been adopted in regulation or legislation, or is it under consideration for adoption?	☐ Yes ⊠ No	
	Has it been endorsed or recommended by any level of government? If "Yes", please describe	☐ Yes ⊠ No	
	Level of Standard (check all that apply)	☐International ☐National ☐Industry ☐de Facto ☐ Single Company	
	Type of document	Standard Report Guide Technical Specification	
	Loyal of Paleasa	☐ Poloaced ☐ In Dovelopment ☐ Proposed	

	Section I: Use and Application of the Standard		
Are	as of Use		
1.	Currently used in which domains? (check all that apply)	Markets Operations Generation Transmis	
	Planned for use in which domains? (check all that apply)	☐ Markets ☒ Operations ☐ Generation ☒ Transmis	
	Please describe the Smart Grid systems and equipment to which this standard is applied	Standard describes how to	network traditional serial interfaces.
Rel	ationship to Other Stand	dards or Specificati	ions
1.	Which standards or specifications standard?		IEEE Std 1590TM-2003, IEEE Recommended Practice for the Electrical Protection of Optical Fiber Communication Facilities Serving, or Connected to, Electrical Supply Locations. IEEE Std 1613TM-2003, IEEE Standard Environmental and Testing Requirements for Communications Networking Devices in Electric Power Substations. IEEE Std 1646TM, IEEE Standard Communication Delivery Time Performance Requirements for Electric Power Substation Automation. IEEE Std 802.1DTM-2004, IEEE Standard for Local and metropolitan area networks: Media Access Control (MAC) Bridges. IEEE Std 802.1QTM-2005, IEEE Standard for Local and Metropolitan Area Networks—Virtual Bridged Local Area Networks. IEEE Std 802.3TM-2005, IEEE Standard for Information Technology—Telecommunications and information exchange between systems—Local and metropolitan area networks—specific requirements Part 3: Carrier Sense Multiple Access with Collision Detection (CSMA/CD) Access Method and Physical Layer Specifications. IEEE Std C37.115TM, IEEE Standard Test Method for Use in the Evaluation of Message Communications Between Intelligent Electronic Devices in an Integrated Substation Protection, Control, and Data Acquisition System.
	Which standards or specifications standard?	are related to this	
	Which standards or specifications overlap)?	cover similar areas (may	
	What activities are building on this	work?	Network communications enables transfer of data from substations to control centers

	Section I: Use and Application of the Standard	
	Dept of Energy Smart Grid Characteristics Please describe how this standard may encourage each of the following:	
1.	Enables informed participation by customers	Yes No
2.	Accommodates all generation and storage options	☐ Yes ⊠ No
3.	Enables new products, services and markets	⊠ Yes □ No
4.	Provides the power quality for a range of needs	☐ Yes ⊠ No
5.	Optimizes asset utilization and operating efficiency	☐ Yes ⊠ No
6.	Operates resiliently to disturbances, attacks, and natural disasters	☐ Yes ⊠ No

Pleas	prity Areas Previously Mentioned by FERC se describe if and how this standard may be applied in each of the ction Error: Reference source not found to discuss any other signed.	ne following areas. Note that there is space
1.	Cybersecurity and physical security	⊠ Yes □ No
2.	Communicating and coordinating across inter-system interfaces	⊠ Yes □ No
3.	Wide area situational awareness	⊠ Yes □ No
4.	Smart grid-enabled response for energy demand	☐ Yes ⊠ No
5.	Electric storage	☐ Yes ⊠ No
6.	Electric vehicle transportation	☐ Yes ⊠ No
7.	Advanced metering infrastructure	☐ Yes ⊠ No
8.	Distribution grid management	⊠ Yes □ No
Оре	enness	
1.	Amount of fee (if any) for the documentation	\$79
2.	Amount of fee (if any) for implementing the standard	None
3.	Amount of fee (if any) to participate in updating the standard	None
4.	Is the standard documentation available online?	
5.	Are there open-source or reference implementations?	Yes No
6.	Are there open-source test tools?	Yes No
7.	Would open-source implementations be permitted?	⊠ Yes □ No
8.	Approximately how many implementers are there?	
9.	Approximately how many users are there?	
10.	Where is the standard used outside of the USA?	
11.	Is the standard free of references to patented technology?	⊠ Yes □ No
12.	If patented technology is used, does the holder provide a royalty-free license to users of the standard?	☐ Yes ☐ No ☒ Not Patented
13.	Can an implementer use the standard without signing a license agreement?	⊠ Yes □ No
14.	Are draft documents available to the public at no cost?	Yes No
15.	How does one join the working group or committee that controls the standard?	
16.	Is voting used to decide whether to modify the standard? If Yes, explain who is permitted to vote.	
17.	Is an ANSI-accredited process used to develop the standard?	⊠ Yes □ No
18.	What countries are represented in the working group or committee that controls the standard?	
Sur	port. Conformance. Certification and Testi	ina

1.	Is there a users group or manufacturers group to support this standard?	Yes No
2.	What is the name of the users group or manufacturers group (if any)?	
3.	What type of test procedures are used to test this standard? (please check all that apply)	☐ Internal to the lab ☐ Published by standards organization ☐ Published by users group ☐ No procedures, informal testing
4.	Are there test vectors (pre-prepared data) used in testing? (please check all that apply)	☐ Internal to the lab ☐ Published by standards organization ☐ Published by users group ☐ No procedures, informal testing
5.	What types of testing programs exist? (check all that apply)	✓ Interoperability Testing✓ Conformance Testing✓ Security Testing✓ No Testing
6.	What types of certificates are issued? (check all that apply)	☐ Interoperability Certificate ☐ Conformance Certificate ☐ Security Certificate (text document) ☐ No Certificates
7.	Are there rules controlling how and when to use the logo?	☐ Yes ☐ No ☒ Standard has no logo
8.	Is there a program to approve test labs?	Yes No
9.	Approximately how many test labs are approved (if any)?	
10.	Is there a defined process for users to make technical comments on the standard or propose changes to the standard and have these issues resolved?	Yes No
11.	Is there a published conformance checklist or table?	Yes No
12.	Are there defined conformance blocks or subsets?	☐ Yes ☐ No
13.	Approximately how many vendors provide test tools?	
14.	Are there tools for pre-certification prior to testing?	Yes No
15.	Can vendors self-certify their implementations?	Yes No
16.	Is there application testing for specific uses?	Yes No Not applicable
17.	Is there a "golden" or "reference" implementation to test against?	Yes No
18.	Who typically funds the testing? (check all that apply)	User Users Group Vendor Confidential
19.	Is there a method for users and implementers to ask questions about the standard and have them answered? (check all that apply)	
20.	Does the users' group (or some other group) fund specific tasks in the evolution of the standard?	Yes No
21.	Is the users' group working on integration, harmonization or unification with other similar standards?	Yes No

22.	What other standards is this standard being integrated, harmonized, or unified with (if any)?	
23.	Are there application notes, implementation agreements, or guidelines available describing specific uses of the standard?	Yes No Not applicable
	Notes se present here any additional information about the standard tha	at might be useful:
1.		

	Section II: Functional Descripti	on of the Standard
Grid	•	
	dWise Architecture: Layers se identify which layers this standard specifies, as described in	
http://	/www.gridwiseac.org/pdfs/interopframework_v1_1.pdf, and the bing to the Open Systems Interconnect (OSI) model is approxin	
1.	Layer 8: Policy	☐ Yes ☐ No
2.	Layer 7: Business Objectives	☐ Yes ☐ No
3.	Layer 6: Business Procedures	Yes No
4.	Layer 5: Business Context	Yes No
5.	Layer 4: Semantic Understanding (object model)	Yes No
6.	Layer 3: Syntactic Interoperability (OSI layers 5-7)	∑ Yes ☐ No
7.	Layer 2: Network Interoperability (OSI layers 3-4)	∑ Yes ☐ No
8.	Layer 1: Basic Connectivity (OSI layers 1-2)	⊠ Yes □ No
Pleas ques candi	dWise Architecture: Cross-Cutting Issues see provide an explanation in the box beside the heading for any tion is not applicable because the function is provided in another idates. Note that "the standard" refers to the technology specific selves.	er layer or standard, please suggest any likely
	Shared Meaning of Content	
1.	Do all implementations share a common information model?	☐ Yes ☒ No ☐ Not applicable
2.	Can data be arranged and accessed in groups or structures?	⊠ Yes ☐ No ☐ Not applicable
3.	Can implementers extend the information model?	Yes No Not applicable
4.	Can implementers use a subset of the information model?	⊠ Yes ☐ No ☐ Not applicable
	Resource Identification	
5.	Can data be located using human-readable names?	Yes No Not applicable
6.	Can names and addresses be centrally managed without human intervention?	Yes No Not applicable
	Time Synchronization and Sequencing	
7.	Can the standard remotely synchronize time?	
8.	Can the standard indicate the quality of timestamps?	
	Security and Privacy	
9.	Where is security provided for this standard?	☐ Within this standard☐ By other standards
10.	Does the standard provide authentication?	Yes No
11	Does the standard permit role-based access control?	⊠ Yes □ No

	Section II: Functional Descripti	on of the Standard
12.	Does the standard provide encryption?	☐ Yes ⊠ No
13.	Does the standard detect intrusions or attacks?	☐ Yes ⊠ No
14.	Does the standard facilitate logging and auditing of security events?	☐ Yes ⊠ No
15.	Can the security credentials be upgraded remotely?	Yes No No Credentials
16.	Can the security credentials be managed centrally?	Yes No No Credentials
17.	Please list any security algorithms and standards used	
18.	Please provide additional information on how the standard addresses any "Yes" answers above	
19.	Please provide additional information about why any of the questions listed above do not apply to this standard	
	Logging and Auditing	
20.	Does the standard facilitate logging and auditing of critical operations and events?	☐ Yes ☒ No
21.	Can the standard gather statistics on its operation?	⊠ Yes ☐ No ☐ Not applicable
22.	Can the standard report alerts and warnings?	⊠ Yes ☐ No ☐ Not applicable
	Transaction State Management	
23.	Can the standard remotely enable or disable devices or functions?	☐ Yes ☐ No ☒ Not applicable
	System Preservation	
24.	Can the standard automatically recover from failed devices or links?	✓ Yes ☐ No ☐ Not applicable☐ Provided in another layer
25.	Can the standard automatically re-route messages?	✓ Yes ☐ No ☐ Not applicable☐ Provided in another layer
26.	Can the standard remotely determine the health (as opposed to just connectivity) of devices or software?	☐ Yes ☑ No ☐ Not applicable
	Other Management Capabilities	
	Please describe any other system or network management capabilities the standard provides.	
	Quality of Service	
27.	Is data transfer bi-directional?	⊠ Yes □ No
28.	Can data be prioritized?	⊠ Yes ☐ No ☐ Not applicable
29.	What types of reliability are provided?	Reliable Non-guaranteed Both Either Provided in another layer
30.	Can information be broadcast to many locations with a single transmission?	⊠ Yes ☐ No ☐ Not applicable
	Please describe any other methods the standard uses to manage quality of service.	
	Discovery and Configuration	
31.	Can the software or firmware be upgraded remotely?	

	Section II: Functional Descripti	on of the Standard
32.	Can configuration or settings be upgraded remotely?	
33.	Can implementations announce when they have joined the system?	Yes No Not applicable
34.	Can implementations electronically describe the data they provide?	Yes No Not applicable
	System Evolution and Scalability	
35.	What factors could limit the number of places the standard could be applied?	
36.	What steps are required to increase the size of a system deploying this standard?	
37.	Is the information model separate from the transport method?	⊠ Yes □ No
38.	Does the standard support alternate choices in the layers(s) below it?	
39.	List the most common technology choices for layers implemented below this standard	
40.	Does the standard support multiple technology choices in the layers above it?	⊠ Yes ☐ No ☐ No layers above
41.	List the technologies or entities that would most commonly use this standard in the layer above	
42.	Please describe any mechanism or plan to ensure the standard is as backward-compatible as possible with previous versions	
43.	Please describe how the design of this standard permits it to be used together with older or legacy technologies	Describes how to incorporate networks with DNP3, IEC 61850 and IEC IEC 60870-5-104.
44.	Please describe how the design of this standard permits it to co-exist on the same network or in the same geographic area with similar technologies, and give examples	
45.	Electromechanical	
	chitectural Principles se describe how this standard may apply any of these principle	٥٠
		s. T
1.	Symmetry – facilitates bi-directional flow of energy and information	
2.	Transparency – supports a transparent and auditable chain of transactions	
3.	Composition – facilitates the building of complex interfaces from simpler ones	
4.	Loose coupling – can support bilateral and multilateral transactions without elaborate pre-arrangement	Supports OSI network model.
5.	Shallow integration – does not require detailed mutual information to interact with other components	

Section II: Functional Description of the Standard	
Please list any other architectural models, reference architectures or frameworks this standard was designed to be compliant with, e.g. W3C, IEC TC57, OSI and how it fits those models	Compliant with OSI model.